

**MCA (Revised)**  
**Term-End Examination**  
**June, 2009**

**MCS-053 : COMPUTER GRAPHICS AND  
MULTIMEDIA**

*Time : 3 hours*

*Maximum Marks : 100*

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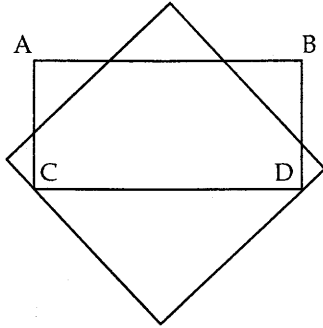
*Note : Question Number 1 is compulsory. Attempt any three questions from the rest.*

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1. (a) Define the term intensity interpolation ? 5  
Explain Gouraud shading.
- (b) Write Z-Buffer Algorithm for hidden surface 5  
detection. Explain how this algorithm is  
applied to determine the hidden surfaces.
- (c) What is image filtering ? Why is it required ? 5
- (d) Compute the intermediate points on the line 5  
drawn from (0,0) to (5,10) using  
Bresenham's algorithm.
- (e) What is the difference between parallel and 5  
perspective projection? Categorize the  
various types of parallel projections.
- (f) Explain the concept of window to view port 5  
transformation with the help of suitable  
diagram.

- (g) What is the advantage of using homogenous coordinate system ? Write the transformation matrix in homogenous coordinate system for "xy-shear" about the origin. 5
- (h) Why do we use an authoring tool in the context of multimedia ? Explain the features of any two types of authoring tools. 5
2. (a) Explain the following terms with the help of an example/diagram, if needed. 8
- (i) Morphing
  - (ii) Tweening
  - (iii) Volume Rendering
  - (iv) Fractal Models
- (b) Derive a general 2D transformation matrix for rotation about the origin. Perform a  $45^\circ$  rotation of a square having vertices A(0,0), B(0,2), C(2,2), D(2,0), about the origin 7
- (c) Explain Cyrus Beck parametric line clipping algorithm. 5
3. (a) Derive the 2D-transformation matrix for reflection about the line  $y=mx$ , where  $m$  is a constant. Use this transformation matrix to reflect the triangle A(0,0), B(1,1), C(2,0) about the line  $y=2x$ . 10

- (b) Explain pseudocode for Sutherland 10  
hoddgman polygon clipping algorithm.  
Using this algorithm clip the following  
polygon against the rectangular window  
ABCD as given below.



4. (a) What are the refreshing display devices ? 9  
Describe the working principle of CRT  
displays with the help of suitable diagram.  
Differentiate between Random and Raster  
Scan display devices.
- (b) Write the three main properties of Bezier 6  
curve. Explain the condition for smoothly  
joining two Bezier curve segments.
- (c) Explain the principle of Ray Tracing with 5  
the help of a suitable diagram. List at least  
four applications of Ray Tracing.

5. Explain the following terms with the help of suitable diagram/example, if needed. 20

- (a) Oblique Projection.
- (b) Bezier Surfaces.
- (c) Object-space approach in Visible-surface detection.
- (d) Specular Reflection.
- (e) Representational Animation.
- (f) Hyper media.
- (g) GIF File compression.
- (h) Drawing & painting devices.

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